

Numarul 6 / 2009

1. Eugen Strautiu	1934: OFITERI ÎMPOTRIVA CAMARILEI REGALE - PROCESUL LOCOTENENT-COLONELULUI PRECUP 1934: OFFICER AGAINST THE ROYAL CAMARILLA – LIEUTENANT COLONEL PRECUP` PROCESS
Abstract	In historical perspective, the 1934 plot organizer against the king Carol the 2 nd , Victor Precup, seems to be a precursor (on other magnitudes, of course) of Ion Antonescu. Revolted, not really against the regime and the king, but against the posonous influences over these, advocate of autocratically governance as an solution on national solidarity, action man, Precup failed. His action failure got to determinated falling of the king on the Jewish-financial camarilla hands.
Keywords	coup d`etat, camarilla, plot, national security, autocratic governance
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

2. Victor Moraru	Alegerile parlamentare (2009) din Republica Moldova si mass-media PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS (2009) IN REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA AND MASS-MEDIA
Abstract	Mass-media interpretation role inside the society, involving the existing points of view diversity approach, anyway, in recognition of the basic mission according to audience socialization, to public opinion building-up and to society integration. In the same problematic context is enclosed the existent offset between the media proceedings, consonance and audience`s cognition abilities and also the fact that the modern democratical systems are defined by a certain vincibility concerning the real training of the population during the political participation process. The last remark can be considered as a desirable one comparing with other in the context of political process consideration, unwounded today in Republic of Moldavia, where there are complicated and paradoxical junctures, which affects in the most direct way the mass-media evolution and the social-political and axiological configuration of the society.
Keywords	mass-media, public opinion, to audience socialization, elections, parliamentary elections
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	International Free University of Moldavia Journalism Faculty, 52 Vlaicu Parcalab street, Chisinau, MD-2012 Republic of Moldova Tel.: (+373 22) 220029; Tel/Fax.: (+373 22) 220028 e-mail: office@ulim.md

3. Alexandru Gribince	PROMOTING FACTORS IN THE EDUCATIONAL REFORM IN ISRAEL
Abstract	Teachers and schools as an organization are still the essentials of the educational mediation process. They seem to be the main active axe through the reform process. The American Federal Programs supporting educational change indicates the teachers roll during the implementing and sustaining innovations. Also the British updated program "The Green Paper- Teachers Meeting the Challenge of Change", proved that only with teachers co-operation,

	reform can succeeded and cause for better pupils achievements. The suggested Israeli reform also indicates basically the teachers empowerment through the complicated implementing process. Generally we are speaking about the main task that the human aspect takes place during the systemic reforms all over the world.
Keywords	the educational mediation, reform process, sustaining innovations, systemic reforms
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	International Free University of Moldavia Journalism Faculty, 52 Vlaicu Parcalab street, Chisinau, MD-2012 Republic of Moldova Tel.: (+373 22) 220029; Tel/Fax.: (+373 22) 220028 e-mail: office@ulim.md

4.Silvia Moraru	IMPERATIVUL DEZVOLTARII COMPETENTEI INTERCULTURALE ÎN CONTEXTUL GLOBALIZARII IMPERATIVE OF INTERCULTURAL AUTHORITY DEVELOPMENT IN GLOBALIZATION CONTEXT
Abstract	Interculturality which define the individual relations particularity with different socio-cultural identities represents a routinely reality, an existence way of society. The individual` development of communicative intercultural aptness become, therefore, a strategic emergency, an agreeable answer to the modern society challenge. Intercultural capacity regards the existence on individual of the capacity for interculturality, that is an ensemble of visions and specific intercultural behaviors, bades on keeping and assessment of other. This concept marks enlarged cognition skills of diversity, attitude initiation beside others, complex and multivariate understanding of world` nature features.
Keywords	interculturality, socio-cultural identities, intercultural behaviors, intercultural aptness
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	State University of Moldova, Foreign Languages and Literature Faculty, Str. A.Mateevici 60. MD-2009 CHISINAU Tel: +(373 22) 577401. Fax: +(373 22) 244248.

5. Adrian Sirbu	ESTE ONU INSTRUMENTALIZAT DE MARILE PUTERI? ORGANIZATIA INTERNATIONALA ÎNTRE RELEVANTA SI DEZAGREGARE” IS UNO INSTRUMENTALIZED BY THE BIG POWERS? THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION BETWEEN RELEVANCE AND DISINTEGRATION
Abstract	The evolutions in international relations,mostly after the Cold War ending, determinated and influenced the attempts of institutional adaptation of UNO. With a large majority, the ideas, the concepts, the ideological orientations and international law norms were extended, under the USA predominance in foreign affairs, byz UNO or „reliancing” UNO and were promoted based on a blatant compatibility with big powers interests. Critically analysis of these evolutions is desired to be a pleading for changing an organization from an institution which represents and heritages, mostly, some of big powers actions and also of the state with side interestsm in an institutions representative for all the member states and, in the same time, an admonition for the little states which believe in absolut democracy of UNO, having the objective to be aware that big powers are implicated in solving conflict, onlz if have a certain interest.
Keywords	international relations, states, big powers

Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro
--	---

6. Paul Duta	RELATIA DINTRE CONCEPTELE STRATEGICE ALE NATO SI SECURITATE UMANA THE RELATION NATO STRATEGIC CONCEPT AND HUMAN SECURITY
Abstract	In 2010, NATO will issue a new strategic concept. After the fall of the “Berlin Wall”, NATO Strategic Concept dilute, conceptual and factual, the size of defense – in the development paradigm “security through cooperation”. Challenges of the early-21 century, NATO requires it to reorder the political-military options and security in a New Strategic Concept, which essentially is symbolized by the Romanian proposal of phrase “Partnership for Security” as an answer the prospective line of holistic development of “security through cooperation”. The Romanian proposal for the NATO strategic concept – “Partnership for security” must take in account the concept human security. Human security is still an emerging paradigm for understanding global vulnerabilities whose proponents challenge the traditional notion of global, regional, and national security. The main argument is that the proper referent for security should be the individual rather than the state or alliance. NATO could acting in Africa as a mobile peace building or extraction force supporting an AU or UN mission is the most credible and convenient scenario.
Keywords	NATO, strategic concept, human security, Africa
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

7. Ioana Sanda Baciu	CRIMA ORGANIZATA ÎN AMERICA LATINA ORGANIZED CRIME IN LATIN AMERICA
Abstract	At least, in the last twenty years, there were multiple evidences towards to the transformations appeared in the organized crime esence. Analysts consinde that a radical evolution took place because the old enemies of the society have changed in corporations, as well as an internal organization as through own identity dissimulation. We are able to regard about an eloquent remake-up, because, in last decades, Latin America has known one of the biggest influence of new criminal organizatios ever registered and already existed groups were subdued by comers which have violated their territories. These invaders brought new abilities and brutal aspirations for conquering their own positions. The elders built-up organizations have accepted the threat and knew that have to adjust in order tu survive. The result is the grisly image of the XX th century and a real new global order.
Keywords	security medium, organized crime, mafia, drogs cartels
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

8. Helmut Lerner	CONSIDERATII PRIVIND ACTIVITATEA CULTURALA A FORUMULUI DEMOCRAT AL GERMANILOR DIN ROMÂNIA ABOUT THE CULTURAL ACTIVITY OF ROMANIA DEMOCRAT FORUM OF GERMANS
Abstract	Although the FDGR is emerging mostly on political plain, this organization of German minority is not a party, having activities in many domains, among these being the cultural one. Those objectives are not only for the gratification of the cultural needs of the German minority, but also in promoting the German culture in Romania, for the benefit of all interested. It is obvious that through this, the Romanian cultural landscape grows rich, continuing the old tradition of local German cultural creation, as well as the intercession of the access to the German culture, generally.
Keywords	national minority, national identity, interethnic relations, interconfessional account.
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

9. Silviu Nate	STRATEGIA NATIONALA DE SECURITATE. ABORDARE METODOLOGICA NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY. METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH
Abstract	National security strategy represents more than a document, it represents the basis for understanding, shaping, prioritizing, assuming and achieving national strategic objectives. National security strategy refers to the main goal of each country: to preserve and augment the national heritage. The methodology involves techniques and tools that help specialists to deal with key issues as resources, threats, vulnerabilities, competitiveness, culture, decision.
Keywords	strategy, management, methodology, civil society, democracy, national.
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

10. Vlad Alexandru Vasiu	GAZPROM – Instrument politic? GAZPROM – POLITICAL INSTRUMENT?
Abstract	Gazprom is the largest Russian energy company, one of the greatest from all over the world and for sure, the most efficient economic tool of the Russian Federation. But it is been used to its full capacity only after Vladimir Putin became the president of the Russian Federation and later the prime-minister. What gave birth to this gigantic company and what is the future of it? Will Gazprom find the best way out of the global energetic crisis? How strong will come out?
Keywords	Gazprom, company, energetic crisis.
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	„Lucian Blaga” University of Sibiu, Faculty of Political Sciences, International Relations and European Studies 550324-Sibiu, Calea Dumbravii nr. 34, et. II, cam. 11 sau 25 Tel.: 0040/269/422169; Fax: 0040/269/422169 int. 140 E-mail: magazine.studiasecuritatis@ulbsibiu.ro

11. Ion Nastas	Relevarea statutului persoanei cu functie de raspundere - element indispensabil al luptei cu coruptia STATUTE DISCLOSER OF THE ACCOUNTABILITY FUNCTION PERSON – REQUIRED ELEMENT OF BATTLE AGAINST CORRUPTION
Abstract	La corruption est l'usage du pouvoir dont on est investi pour obtenir des gains personnels. Pour que cel acte soit accompli, il faut qu'il y ait un corrompueur et un corrompu. Peut etre corrompu un agent de l'Etat ou toute autre personne qui occupe un poste qui lui permettrait d'accepter des pots-de-vin en echange d'un service rendu. Toute personne qui detourne un bien (logements administratifs), ainsi que toute personne qui recoit un avantage nonjustifie (enproposant, enpromettant ou en acceptant de l'argent ou un cadeau en contre-partie de l'attribution d'un marche), peut etre considere comme corrompu.
Keywords	corruption, corrompou, avantage
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	Centre for Combating Economic Crimes and Corruption, MD 2004 bd. Stefan cel Mare si Sfint 198, mun. Chisinau, Republica Moldova. Tel: (373 22) 257 257, 22-35-83.

12. Ion Stavila	CONFLICTUL TRANSNISTREAN: ESECUL REGLEMENTARII UNUI CONFLICT CARE POATE FI SOLUTIONAT TRANSNISTRIA CONFLICTS: SETTLEMENT FAILURE OF A CONFLICT WHICH CAN BE SOLVED
Abstract	Conflictul transnistrean reprezinta, probabil fara exagerare, cea mai grea problema mostenita din epoca sovietica de catre Republica Moldova. Zdruncinând din temelie societatea moldoveneasca de la sfârșitul anilor '80 ai secolului trecut, „sindromul transnistrean” a marcat deosebit de puternic viata social-politica a Republicii Moldova în perioada de dupa proclamarea independentei de stat în anul 1992, uneori punând în joc destinul sau istoric. Timp de 20 de ani clasa politica si societatea civila moldoveneasca s-a preocupat în mod firesc si constant de problema Transnistriei, mobilizând resurse umane si materiale impresionante în cautarea unei solutii adecvate.
Keywords	conflict, independenta, societate civila, negocieri, statut special
Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	Republic of Moldova Reintegration Ministry Piata Marii Adunari Nationale 1, Casa Guvernului, MD-2033, Chisinau, Republica Moldova Tel. : (+373 22) 250-146 Fax : (+373 22) 233-872 Email : reintegrarea@mr.gov.md

14. Alexander Dugin	MEDVEDEV'S DOCTRINE
Abstract	The Five Planks of the Russian Foreign Policy presented by Dmitry Medvedev in the end of August 2008 are the doctrine. As any other doctrine it has enough minimal components - points to build a clear and definable function. The US Monroe doctrine had only one point «America for Americans». Thus along with proscriptio of other nations (France, Russia, England, and Mexico) from the continent this one point has become a basis for the US foreign policy for the next 200 years. Now it's clear that before the August events in Zhinval our foreign policy was unsatisfactory. The presence of too many indefinable points in it made it impossible to build from them any function at all. While The Five Planks voiced by Medvedev are points of a clear, definitive and irreversible doctrine.
Keywords	Medvedev, doctrine, foreign policy

Institutional affiliation of the author(s):	Lomonosov University, Moscow, Russian Federation International Relations Sociology Department, Telephone: +7 (495) 939-46-98 Fax: +7 (495) 939-46-98 WWW: http://www.socio.msu.ru/ E-mail: soc@socio.msu.ru
--	---